Overview of BPVOE Program

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Presentation to ORFA – Spring Facilities Operational Forum

May 1st, 2023





Agenda

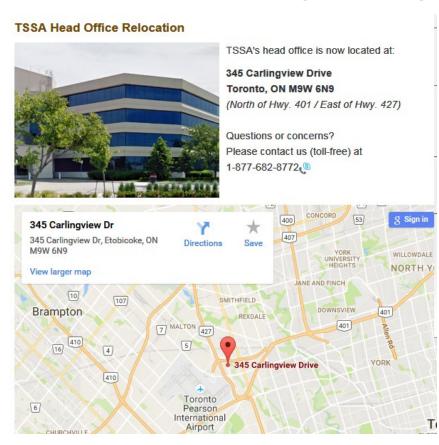
 What is the Technical Standards and Safety Authority (TSSA) and what do we do

TSSA Ice Sheet Refrigeration Plant Advisory

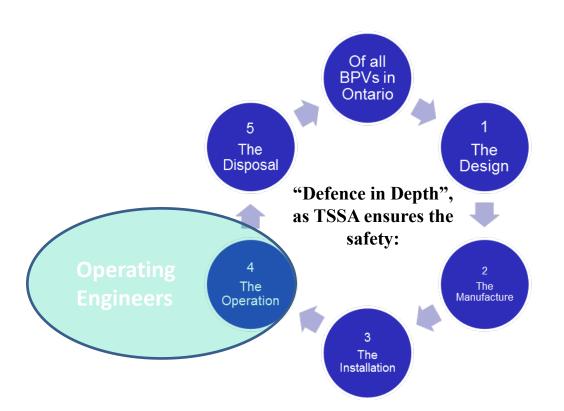
What's TSSA all about?

Purpose: To promote and enforce public safety

- TSSA is a not-for-profit, self-funded organization dedicated to enhancing public safety.
- Since 1997, TSSA has delivered public safety services on behalf of the Ontario Government, the residents of Ontario and its other stakeholders, in four key sectors:
 - boilers and pressure vessels, and operating engineers;
 - elevating devices, amusement devices and ski lifts;
 - fuels; and,
 - upholstered and stuffed articles.
- TSSA employs over 400 staff across
 Ontario, of which approximately 70 percent
 work in operations.



What's BPVOE all about?



What are BPVs?

- High Pressure Power Boilers (10%)
 - Power generation plants
 - Industrial processes
- Low Pressure Heating Boilers (15%)
 - Heating plants
- Unfired Pressure Vessels (75%)
 - Air receivers
 - Steam generators
 - Refrigeration
 - Fuel processing (CNG, LNG)
 - Refineries
 - Sterilizers, autoclaves

BPVs are everywhere – but unseen

What's Different between BPV and OE?

Overlap between BPV and OE:

- BPV responsible for pressure <u>objects</u>: i.e. <u>Boilers</u>: <u>focus is on hardware</u>
- OE responsible for safe operation of pressure <u>systems</u> (which contain pressure objects):
 i.e. Plants: <u>focus is on people</u>

Periodic Inspections:

- BPV: 1, 2, 3 years depending on type of high, medium, low risk device
 - Performed by TSSA or Insurer; inspect condition of object
- OE: 6, 12, 24 month depending on risk derived from previous inspections
 - Performed by TSSA only; inspect operation, maintenance & staffing of Plant

Fundamental Requirements from BPVOE

All ORFA members who have ammonia refrigeration plants are legally required to have a current Certificate of Inspection (COI) in order to operate the Plant

These COIs historically came from your insurer after a periodic inspection (if not insured, then they came from TSSA). This has now changed.

Plants > 30 BHP (22 kW) need to be registered with OE, and periodically inspected (OE checks to ensure current COI in place among other things) (> 200 BHP (indirect) needs to be attended)

Advisory Councils

Meet Twice/year

Plus Risk Reduction Group meetings

Primary mission – bi-directional communication

BPV Advisory Council

13 members

- Manufacturers
 - Refrigeration Rep Hillar Prits -CIMCO
- Owner/Users
- Contractors
- Insurers
- Associations

OE Advisory Council

9 members

- Power generation
- Industry
- Training provider
- Associations
- Refrigeration (Randy Purves J.D.Sweid Foods)

See web site for membership details

OE Program Status





OE Certificate Holders (17 Oct 2018)

		Ac	tive		Pending Renewal					
Certificate Holder	Number		Averaç	ge Age	Nun	nber	Average Age			
	This Year	Change	This Year	Last Year	This Year	Change	This Year	Last Year		
1 st Class	647	-7	60	60	20	-8	68	65		
2 nd Class	1,942	-81	57	57	119	+28	64	63		
3 rd Class	3,040	+51	48	50	208	+37	57	59		
4 th Class	3,259	-10	46	46	277	-10	51	50		
Compressor Operator	396	-13	53	54	35	-18	58	59		
A Operator	274	+10	54	53	8	-4	50	62		
B Operator	2,019	+5	52	51	128	-17	54	55		
Steam Traction Operator	172	+6	61	61	5	-6	70	56		
Total	11,749	-39	51	54	800	+2	56	59		

Count of OE Plants	Staffing 🔼						•		
 3,248 total plants 137 1st Class Plants 1,210 Refrigeration Only 	2,550 (79%) Unattended 65 Compressor Plants 184 attended R Plants						or Operator	75	_
Plant Type	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class	4th Class	A Operator	B Operator	Compressor	Unattended	Grand Total
STEAM PLANT	13	14	24	96			1	1,077	1,225
REFRIGERATION PLANT					44	140		1,026	1,210
POWER PLANT	124	41	19	37	38	67	2	406	734
COMPRESSOR PLANT							29	36	65
HOT WATER PLANT		2	1	3				5	11
STEAM PRIME MOVER PLANT	-	1	2						3
Grand Total	137	58	46	136	82	207	32	2,550	3,248

Count of OE Plants Plant Type	of - Power Producers/Utilities ■	02 - Petro/Chemical	03 - Production Industries	04 - Manufacturing Industries	05 - Medical	06 - Academic	07 - Food Process	08 - Public Services	09 - Commercial	10 - Residential	11 - Agriculture	Grand Total
STEAM PLANT	9	47	284	297	52	173	103	44	142	30	44	1,225
REFRIGERATION PLANT	7	10	5	110	11	28	75	909	39	13	3	1,210
POWER PLANT	50	36	30	139	127	43	219	43	30	8	9	734
COMPRESSOR PLANT	4	50		9			1	1				65
HOT WATER PLANT	2		2		2	3		1		1		11
STEAM PRIME MOVER PLANT	2	1										3
Grand Total	74	144	321	555	192	247	398	998	211	52	56	3,248

Count of OE Plants	Plant Risk Z			
Plant Type	<u></u> High	Medium	Low	Grand Total
STEAM PLANT	39	362	824	1,225
REFRIGERATION PLANT	18	202	990	1,210
POWER PLANT	36	173	525	734
COMPRESSOR PLANT		23	42	65
HOT WATER PLANT		1	10	11
STEAM PRIME MOVER PLAN	Т		3	3
Grand Total	93	761	2,394	3,248

Count of OE Plants Plant Function	Plant Risk <u>▼</u> High	Medium	Low	Grand Total
01 - Power Producers/Utilities	1	14	59	74
02 - Petro/Chemical	2	36	106	144
03 - Production Industries	13	81	227	321
04 - Manufacturing Industries	16	175	364	555
05 - Medical	9	38	145	192
06 - Academic	8	51	188	247
07 - Food Process	15	128	255	398
08 - Public Services	20	120	858	998
09 - Commercial	5	80	126	211
10 - Residential	•	26	26	52
11 - Agriculture	4	12	40	56
Grand Total	93	761	2,394	3,248

OE Report Recommendations

OE Expert Panel Report – 25 Recommendations plus others

Topic A: Reducing undue burden on business

Topic B: Encouraging innovation

Topic C: Improving regulatory clarity

Topic D: Improving regulatory compliance

Topic E: Addressing an inadequate labour supply

Topic F: Modernizing the operating engineer certification system

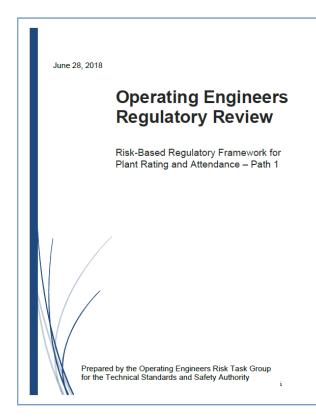
Topic G: Improving public knowledge of the operating engineer profession

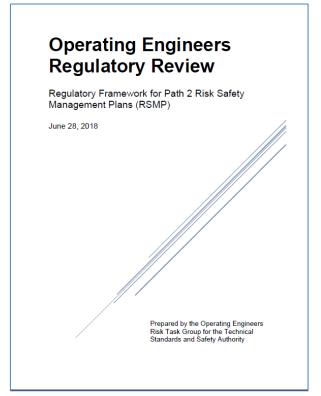
Key change includes a recommendation to adopt risk-based regulation which provides industry with two compliance paths:

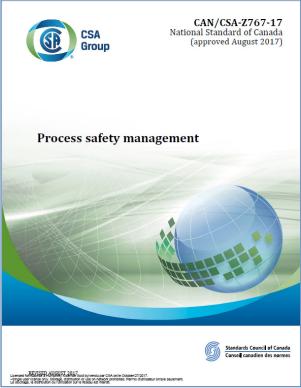
- Path 1 category-based requirements based on the risk rating of plants
- Path 2 where plants will implement site-specific risk safety management plans (RSMPs)

A task group set up by TSSA and MGCS has completed developing the frameworks for Path 1 and Path 2 regulatory approaches

Path 1 & Path 2 Status







Alternative Rules Application

Negligible impact on ORFA members anticipated

 TSSA has and will continue to consider ORFA training as part of an ice sheet refrigeration plant risk based approach to safe operations

TSSA Ice Sheet Refrigeration Plant Advisory





Improving Safety Through Clarity

- The ORFA reached out to TSSA to consider providing direction on the application of the OE specifically for <u>registered unattended ice sheet</u> <u>refrigeration plants</u>
- The objective would be to clearly define, "owner", "user", "operator" and "service contractor" roles and responsibilities as required in the OE

TSSA Responds to ORFA

- TSSA met with ORFA staff on several occasions to explore the issues and possible solutions
- TSSA agreed that providing direction on roles and responsibilities of all stakeholders in respect to OE compliance in the ice sheet industry would be beneficial and contribute to improved public safety

Ice Sheet Attended Plant

 Chief Operating Engineers responsible for attended ice sheet refrigeration plants are encouraged to consider the information in the Advisory as part of their ongoing efforts to improve safe plant operations

TSSA Advisory Explained

TSSA has a variety of options to improve public safety

 An Advisory is a tool that provides unrestricted direction to plant owners, users, and operators based on minimum compliance standards

No Change to the OE

- It is important to understand that there is no change to the O. Reg. 219/01:
 OPERATING ENGINEERS REGULATION
- It remains the obligation of plant owners, users, and operators to review the OE and apply requirements specific to the registered refrigeration plant room

TSSA & ORFA Agree

- A standard ice sheet refrigeration plant will require a minimum of 1.5-million-dollar capital investment by the owner
- Maintaining these investments requires competent and qualified staff
- Aging plants present additional risks that need to be managed

Job Descriptions

The ice sheet refrigeration industry has significantly evolved with new technologies, equipment, and refrigerant options

Plant owners and users must design job descriptions that reflect the on-site refrigeration plant as well as heating, air conditioning, ventilation and dehumidification systems as each component can impact the refrigeration systems operation and safety

Plant Owner

Owner

The plant "owner" is "the person to whom or which the plant is registered but does not mean the operating engineers or operators who operate, control, or maintain the plant". The plant owner selects an individual to have the authority to ensure the plant is being properly operated, supervised, and managed. [s. 1 (1)

Plant User

The plant "user" is the person selected by the plant owner to be responsible for ensuring that the plant is being properly operated, supervised, and managed

The regulation clarifies that "user includes the person or persons in control of a plant as owner, lessee or otherwise, but does not include the operating engineers or operators who operate, control, or maintain the plant"

The plant user will often have authority to oversee equipment maintenance or replacement and the training of plant employees.

CSA B-52 MRC

Beyond the OE, the plant user should have a strong working knowledge of the CSA B-52 Mechanical Refrigeration Code (MRC) and other applicable codes, standards and practices associated with safe work practices, environmental responsibilities, and emergency management.

Operational Management

- It is the plant "owner and/or user" obligation to ensure that the registered unattended ice surface refrigeration plant is under the care and control of welltrained, competent, responsible persons at all times
- Plant employee training programs design, delivery and supervision remains a plant "owner and/or user" responsibility

Training and Operational Best Practices

- TSSA recommends that the plant "owner and/or user adopt industry recommended training and operational best practices, guidelines and/or standards for training registered ice surface refrigeration employees
- These are obtainable through Ice Sheet industry training providers

Role of the Service Contractor

- While service contractors play an important role in ensuring safe plant
 maintenance and operations, it ultimately remains the plant owners and/or user's
 responsibility to ensure that a plant is properly maintained
- "The plant "owner and/or user" is responsible to select, direct and supervise any service contactor who performs work on the primary or auxiliary equipment, safety devices, and/or emergency systems"

Site Specific Maintenance Plan

 The maintenance plan for the plant needs to be site-specific, based on the condition of the equipment, plant design and layout, and should include an asset management plan

Holidays and Seasonal Closure Inspections

The plant owner and/or user is responsible for ensuring that any unattended guarded plant remains safe during holidays and extended periods of closure through regular, recorded inspections by competent personnel

Unattended Plant Procedure Training and **Emergency Manual**

- All refrigeration plants must be operated and maintained to the standards of equipment owner manual maintenance programs and regulated responsibilities
- Procedure manuals guide current and future users and employees and service contractors in the safe operation, supervision, and management of the plant
- The manual must set out procedures relating to training of all persons selected by the plant user to assist in the safe operation, supervision, and management of the plant

Plant Emergency Plan

- The manual should include emergency plans for the plant relevant to the associated risks of operation and refrigerants
- Key areas of focus should include chiller life/condition, compressor maintenance, safety valve servicing, modification/repairs to piping system, testing of the secondary coolant, emergency relief lines and valve exercising programs
- Failure to have and maintain a plant procedure and maintenance manual may result in an unattended plant becoming an attended plant status requiring certified staff until such information is put in place

Logbooks

- Section 37 of the regulation contains detailed requirements regarding logbooks
- Logbooks are an important part of a plants operational and maintenance plans as they collect and store data on the health, risks and hazards associated with the plant
- Maintaining both operational and supplementary logbooks that meet industry standards is strongly recommended

Unattended Plant Asset Management Plan

- TSSA recognizes the benefit of refrigeration plant asset management as it tracks life expectancy and replacement of all key pieces of refrigeration equipment, infrastructure, and safety devices
- Having and maintaining an asset management plan that meets industry best practices is recommended

Recognizing the Role of ORFA

- Compliance to any regulatory requirement requires skill and training specific to the work environment
- TSSA recognizes the efforts of ORFA to set levels of minimum competency through industry best practice
- TSSA is aware of the voluntary skills, training and professional certification pathways offered by the ORFA and may use them to evaluate ice sheet refrigeration operations
 - TSSA Inspectors are provided ORFA training as part of their ongoing professional development

Thank You for this opportunity to share. Any more Questions?

